

From the *Human Security Report 2005*

Figure 4.1 Battle-deaths versus total war deaths in selected sub-Saharan African conflicts

country	years	estimates of total war deaths	battle deaths	battle-deaths as a percentage of total war deaths
Sudan (Anya Nya rebellion)	1963–73	250,000–750,000	20,000	3–8%
Nigeria (Biafra rebellion)	1967–70	500,000 to 2 million	75,000	4–15%
Angola	1975–2002	1.5 million	160,475	11%
Ethiopia (not inc. Eritrean insurgency)	1976–91	1–2 million	16,000	<2%
Mozambique	1976–92	500,000 to 1 million	145,400	15–29%
Somalia	1981–96	250,000 to 350,000 (to mid-1990s)	66,750	19–27%
Sudan	1983–2002	2 million	55,000	3%
Liberia	1989–96	150,000–200,000	23,500	12–16%
Democratic Republic of the Congo	1998–2001	2.5 million	145,000	6%

Source: Lacina and Gleditsch, 2004⁴

The indirect impact of war in sub-Saharan Africa is revealed by the comparison of battle-deaths with estimates of war deaths from all causes—primarily disease and malnutrition.