

From the *Human Security Report 2005*

Figure 4.6 HIV infection and fatalities from political violence: Is there a correlation?

country/region	battle-related deaths per 100,000 in 2003 [*]	HIV-positive (%) [†]
Liberia	59.4	5.9
Iraq	35.1	<0.1
Burundi	16.2	6.5
Sudan	8.5	2.3
Uganda	6.5	4.1
Israel and the Palestinian Territories	5.8	Israel: 0.1; Palestine: n/a, believed very low
Nepal	4.4	0.5
DRC	4.2	4.2
Somalia	3.9	1.0–2.0 (1997–1999)
Colombia	1.6	0.7

Source: Martin Foreman, 2005⁴³

In the 10 countries most affected by political violence, no more than 1 in 15 adults has contracted HIV, and in 4 countries fewer than 1 in a 100 adults is HIV-positive.

^{*}From the Uppsala/Human Security Centre dataset 2005.

[†]The estimated percentage of 15–49-year-olds living with HIV at the end of 2003.

43. Based on data derived from the Joint UN Programme on HIV/AIDS, 'Table of Country-Specific HIV/AIDS Estimates and Data, End 2003', 2004 Report on the Global AIDS Epidemic.